

Encourage Home Institutions

GLOBE INSURANCE CO,
OF KENTUCKY.

GUARANTEED CAPITAL, \$200,000.

OFFICE, 192 MAIN STREET, Louisville.
We will issue policies on farm and city property, also on merchandise, for any term, and on a basis of rates as low as the market, and payment of losses will be prompt.J. D. BONDURANT, President.
H. S. PHILLIPS, Vice President.
JOHN M. WINSLOW, Secy & Treas.
J. BYINGTON, General Agent.
Dec. 20, 1866.

DR. R. RUTHERFORD,

TAKES this opportunity to return his thanks to the people of Cynthiana, and Harrison county, for their liberal patronage, and will endeavor to merit its continuance by strict attention to their complaints. Having had thirty years' experience in the practice of the various branches of the Medical Profession, he hopes to be able to give general satisfaction.
Office at Shawhan's Drug-Store, Residence, Main St., opposite I. T. Martin's residence.
Aug. 23th, 1866.

DR. McNEES & BALTZELLE

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, Surgery, &c., would respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to treat.

ALL FORMS OF DISEASE,

Upon the most scientific principles, irrespective of system. Special attention given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases, and diseases peculiar to females.

Office—Pleasant street, west of Main.
W. T. McNEES.
T. W. BALTZELLE.
Oct 18, 1866.

Peckover & Co., Dentists,

CYNTHIANA & PARIS.

Having opened an office in Cynthiana, we will be pleased to see their old patrons and the public generally at any time. All work done at Cincinnati prices, and in a satisfactory manner. Prompt attention given to calls in the country. Office over Northcutt's Store.
Nov 23, 1866.

D. A. GIVENS,

Dealer in fancy and staple Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Queensware, Floor Oil Cloths, &c.
Oct 27, 1866. CYNTHIANA, KY.

George Hehr, Blacksmith,

Shop on Walnut Street, Cynthiana, Ky.

ALL new work entrusted to him will be done on reasonable terms, and horse-shoeing done according to nature. Everything done in my line will be done with promptness and to suit those who may have their custom. He is also a FARRIER, and understands the diseases of horses.
ap 12, 1866.

CARPENTER & BROS.,

Builders and Contractors,

CYNTHIANA, KY.

Are prepared to contract and build Houses, and finish them in style to suit. All kinds of building material, consisting of every description of Lumber, Shingles and Lath, on hand and for sale.
mar 22, 1867.

T. H. ROSSER,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers & Commission Merchants,

Broad Street, Selma, Ala.

References—First National Bank, J. C. Graham & Co. of Selma, Alabama.

Agents for the sale of Western Produce.
may 3, 1867.

CYNTHIANA HOUSE,

Main street, nearly opposite the Court House, Cynthiana, Ky.

F. ROBITZER, Proprietor.
Oct 25, 1867.

ELLISTON HOUSE,

Corner Russell and Pike streets, Covington, Ky.

I have leased the Elliston House for a term of years, and will be pleased to have the old friends of the house give me a call, and all of my old friends and the public generally, and I will endeavor to attend to their wants by giving them the best of the market, and I have reduced the fare to \$2.00 per day.
Jan 18, 66. H. E. BOSWELL.

PARIS HOTEL,

Main street, Paris, Kentucky.

Harrison & Widdington, Proprietors.

Our One Day fare covers passengers to and from the Railroad Depot free.

Aparments commodious, neat and central, and within one square of the Railroad Depot.
mar 22, 1867.

PLANTER'S HOUSE,

Late Magnolia House, Madison street, between Pike and Seventh, Covington, Ky.

This house is located in the central part of this city, and is well furnished with the best of furniture. The table will be furnished with everything the market affords.
—charges moderate.
July 16.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

Covington, Ky. Oct. 17, 1866.

After thinking of the traveling public for their past liberal patronage, I take pleasure in saying that I have this day associated with me the

METRO-OLYMPIC HOTEL,

Mr. W. A. THURSTON, long and well known to the traveling public, and most experienced hotelier of Paris, Ky., and his assistants, and I feel only too sure that I will be able to keep and know well the wants of the public.

N. WEAVER,

Having associated ourselves together in the well-known Metropolitan Hotel, we would say that the house is in splendid condition for convenience, style and comfort, and is not surpassed by any hotel in the city; and we hope by giving prompt personal attention to the wants of our guests, to give satisfaction to any and all who may be pleased to call upon us. We will add that, while others are charging \$5 and \$10, we are charging only THREE DOLLARS PER DAY. Hoping to have many friends.

We are, respectfully,
nov 22. WEAVER & THURSTON.

100 Barrels Extra Flour for sale by

PECK & VANLICK.

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

VOL. XII.

CYNTHIANA, KY., FEBRUARY 7, 1867.

NO. 48

R. J. DABNEY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Medicines and chemicals,

PAINTS, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Perfumery, &c.

Main street, CYNTHIANA, KY., keeps constantly on hand a full supply of the following articles:

Drugs, Medicines and Dye stuffs;

Perfumery and Fancy Articles;

All the popular hair oils;

All the hair dyes;

All the fine soaps;

Hair, tooth, clothes and Paint brushes;

Lamps and burning fluids;

Brushes and Wires for medical purposes;

All the school books;

Blank books;

Jewelry and Photograph Albums;

Chewing and smoking Tobacco;

Guitar and Violin strings;

French and English Chemicals;

All the popular hair dressing;

All the hair invigoratives;

All the Toilet Articles used by gentlemen and ladies;

Stationery, including all kinds of paper ink pens, &c. &c.;

Spectacles, Lead pencils, & Pocket Books.

Constantly on hand a supply of Howe & Stoddard's Family Dyes and Phaenolites;

Every Patent Medicine under the sun of character; All the popular Novels and cheap publications; Hygienic Books and Bibles;

Cigars of every variety; Sponges, Syringes, and in short everything that is kept in a first class Drug Store.
aug 14, 1866 R. J. DABNEY.

Something New Come and See

JOSEPH FENNELL.

Has just opened on Pike St., two doors west of the Rankin Hotel, a new

Saddle & Harness

Establishment, where he will be pleased to see his old and new friends, who may need work in his line. He keeps constantly on hand a good supply of SADDLES, Harness, Bibles, Cigars, and everything in the Saddle and Harness line.

Repairing done promptly, with neatness, and in a workmanlike manner.

The public generally are invited to call and examine my stock, as I am satisfied that I shall be able to render general satisfaction.
Jan 11, 66. JOSEPH FENNELL.

H. W. SHAWHAN,

Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines & Fancy Goods

Corner of Main and Pike streets, CYNTHIANA, KY.

HAVING purchased the large and splendid Drug Store, recently owned by Messrs. Olds & Price, I am prepared to furnish to my friends and the public generally Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Oils, together with a superb assortment of Fancy Goods and Stationery, consisting in part as follows:

Albums and Gift Books;

Fancy Paper, all descriptions;

Miscellaneous works and Novels;

Of every character;

Perfumery of all kinds;

School Books, any quantity or kind;

A superb lot of Ink;

Glassware all sizes;

Tobacco and Cigars;

Paints and Oils, all kinds.

I have an extra assortment of Patent Medicines, of the best kind. I have in fact everything for sale at my establishment which can be found at any other first class Drug Store in the interior of Kentucky.

Prescriptions from Physicians filled at all hours of the night or day by Mr. David Snyder, an experienced and careful Druggist.

The ladies are invited to call and examine my stock.

Remember the stand, corner of Pike of Main sts.
ap 19, 66. W. SHAWHAN.

Great Excitement!!

W. L. NORTHUTT,

Corner Main & Pike Streets, Cynthiana, Ky.

OULD beg to inform his friends and customers, that in addition to his stock on hand, he is now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

Queens and Glassware,

Wall and Blind Paper,

Mozambique,

Furniture Cloths & Casimer,

Organdies,

Footings and Hose,

Napkins and Vestings,

Folde Cheeres,

Gents Gravats,

Hosi Skirts,

Gloves and Silks,

Stationery of all kinds,

Puffs and Calicos,

And Goods of every description. In fact everything that is in the first class Dry Goods Establishment. All cheap for cash.
W. L. NORTHUTT.
nov 2, 1866.DUMPS PUMPS—We are agents for the sale of Pickering's ANTI-FREEZING pump—the cheapest, best and most durable pump now extant. Persons in need of the article will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
July 1967. WEBSTER & HODGES.

JUST RECEIVED,

OUR WINTER'S SUPPLY!

C. G. LAND & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Main Street, opposite Court House, CYNTHIANA.

Nov. 1st, 1866-67.

THE CANTEEN.

BY MILLS O'REILLY.

There are bonds of all sorts in this world of ours.

Fetters of friendship and ties of flowers, And true-lovers' knots, I woe;

The girl and the boy are bound by a kiss, But there's never a bond, old friend like this—

We have drank from the same canteen!

It was sometimes water, and sometimes milk,

And sometimes apple-jack fine as silk, But whatever the tipples has been,

We shared it together, in bane or bliss, And I warn to you, friend, when I think of this—

We have drank from the same canteen!

The rich and the great sit down to dine, And they quaff to each other in wine, From glasses of crystal and green;

But I guess in their golden potatoes they miss The warmth of regard to be found in this, We have drank from the same canteen!

We have shared our blankets and tents together, And have marched and fought in all kinds of weather,

And hungry and full we have been; Had days of battle and days of rest, But this memory I cling to and love the best—

We have drank from the same canteen!

For when wounded I lay on the outer slope, With my blood flowing fast, and but little hope,

Upon which my poor spirit could lean; Oh, then, I remember you crawled to my side, And, bleeding so fast, it seemed that both must have died.

We drank from the same canteen!

Letter from Selma, Alabama.

SELMA, ALA., Jan. 14, 1867.

MY DEAR FATHER—I owe Mr. Morey a letter now and then, in return for his kindness in sending me the News from Cynthiana. And I have concluded to address you my letters, and let you hand them to my friend Morey to make such use of as he may deem proper.

I am now in this young city, filling an engagement ministerial to attend the gathering together of the fragments of a once flourishing little church which has been without service since the fall of Selma, as it is styled.

This young city, I think, promises at no very distant day, to be first among the cities of Alabama. It is beautifully situated, 10 hours boat ride below Montgomery on the Alabama River, containing about 7000 inhabitants of enterprising people (in the main.) When I first saw it, the appearance it presented was sad and ragged indeed. Whole blocks of buildings were slumbering in ashes, like many of the inmates there now sleep in death. Say nothing of the site of the arsenal and armory. Wilson, you remember, came upon this place from the North with more than 12,000 troops finely equipped and pampered. Forrest met him with a mere handful of men whose numbers then somewhat increased by an order for all old and young remaining in place to hurry to the breast-works—These breast works were ample for the defence of the city, but the men were wanting to place behind them.

And after a fruitless and fatal struggle to defend one of the most important places in the whole South (\$5 far as its government works were concerned) at night fall, the wild mad troops came pouring in, and such desolation and destruction as followed it is heart-rending to record. The flames were kindled all over the city; and those houses not burning were being searched, trunks broken open, pockets rifled, furniture hewn to pieces. Ladies for the men were almost gone) in their helpless condition were at the mercy of a lawless mob. The meeting and married ladies of Selma were lying in the streets, and upon the side walks. Such was war!—our estimated sister Mrs. Lavender (niece of Major Curry, yes, and her father's remains now rest in your graveyard) went to Gen. Wilson for a guard to protect her family and to guard her household plunder that she had saved from her burning house,—but Gen. Wilson flatly answered her request in the negative, adding that had they surrendered the town, he would have posted a guard at every corner; but as it was, he had no guards for her or any other people. Mrs. L. nothing daunted, addressed herself to another officer and received a guard and the protection she needed. Again say such is war, and such are its inhuman practices. It matters not whether right or wrong; the practices of war (with the rights I have) are anti-Christian and inhuman. The South bleeds yet. Every note is a minor. All her songs are minors. Her cars run upon rotten ties and over rotten bridges and tumble now and then into swamps and marshes with a minor crash. The wind as it whistles

about the rattling caves of the dilapidated castle of the once opulent planter gives forth its minor notes.—

The cadences of the retiring storm as echoed from the pine hills are all sad minors too. The birds sing, the cattle low, the lambs bleat and the children laugh in the same sorrowing strain.—

Everything around loudly proclaims that the South is in a hopeless minority. You, up in the bluegrass are reading the news from Washington—the reports of bills passed and vetoes of the President. We here snatch up the paper from Georgia, South Carolina, or North Alabama and read of children crying for bread. You speculate about the chances of our getting into the Union, &c. We speculate about the chances of the poor getting through the winter, or living until your kindly aid reaches them. I would not intimate that any of you are different to the sorrows and suffering of the poor in the South. I would only suggest that we are greatly different as to what Congress may do, or not do, for us. The philosophical or political questions now agitating the masses of the people of North and West, have now, and will continue to have but little influence one way or another upon Southern destiny. Politicians undertake to accomplish certain ends by certain plausible means but nine times out of ten the very reverse of the thing intended—results from the policy practiced. Hence I have learned to be very different as to mere theories. What the politician "would do he does not, and the thing he would not that he does." But more again.

Tell Morey his brother is doing well in the popular house of Rosser & Morey. He is a clever gentleman and deserves patronage and gets it.

Tell all our friends how'dy—and especially those who open their purses for the suffering South.

There is one minor noted among all the minors, which echoed and re-echoed through all the smouldering ruins of charred cities, and desolated homesteads, and wasted fields. It is the note of gratitude to the liberal giver of bread and meat and clothing to the destitute of this unfortunate country. You, my dear Kentucky friends are making sweet chords in many a sad heart—Go on in the good work and God be with you. Give my love to the town and country around. I love all for their kindness to my father and dear old mother and loving sister and more because they cherish in the graveyard my precious dead—

Good bye. J. J. R.

T. S.—I give you the price current: Corn \$1.75 per bushel; Flour, \$20.00 per barrel; Irish Potatoes \$7.00 per barrel; Sweet Potatoes, \$3.00 per barrel; Bacon, 18c per pound; Cotton middlings, 39a31c; Money, 3 per cent. per month, and not to be had at that; One million could be loaned at that, on good securities.

Negro Schools in city and country, are well supported, 8; White schools and poorly patronized, 7; Missionaries for blacks, 4; Missionaries for whites, 2.

I am in favor of educating the black man and will aid this work. But I do not like to see the poor white children forgotten by our Congress in its appropriations.

J. J. R.

What the Men of the North-west ask Themselves in their own minds, and what they Answer.

Question. What is the name of the skeleton in Eastern closets? Answer. Repudiation of the National Debt.

Q. Why does the prospect of repudiation frighten them so? A. Because they are the receivers, and the North-west, West and South are the payers of the debt.

Q. How did Eastern men manage to have it so arranged? A. By bringing on the late war.

Q. Why did they bring on the late war? A. Well, they saw that negro slavery was profitable to the South, and they conceived the grand idea of reducing all the people of the U. S. white and black, to a state of slavery to themselves.

Q. What is slavery? A. Slavery is that state of a society in which the surplus earnings of the slaves are applied to the sole use and benefit of the master.

Q. What is the amount of the surplus earnings of the people of the North-west, West and South? A. They amounted last year to the sum of about \$275,000,000.

Q. What became of the surplus earnings of the people of the North-west, West and South? A. After deducting a small sum to support the government, the balance went into the pockets of foreign and Eastern bondholders.

Q. What proportion of the debt of the U. S. is held by foreigners? A. About one-fifth.

Q. Who owns the balance? A. Eastern men.

Q. How did they come to own it? A. During the war, they did the contracting, while the West and North-west did the fighting. The East furnished the shoddy, the bad pork and beef, the wormy bread, the guns that burst, the old rotten transports, in which so many soldiers were drowned, the fire-proof whiskey, the Yackee notions, the negro substitutes, the hollow talk about loyalty "the life of the nation," and all that; they gathered home all the silver spoons and other portable property, and so became rich, while the West and North-west furnished the food for powder, and are now gathering their dead from a thousand battle-fields, and with the South are now called upon to pay the National debt.

Q. What is a summary of the result of the war? A. Why the negroes are to be paid for at a very high valuation; but, instead of their owners getting paid, the price goes into the pocket of the shrewd Yankee, and comes out of the surplus earnings of the other sections.

Q. Why are the surplus earnings of the people of the North-west, West and South so small? A. Because of the enormous amount of indirect taxation they are compelled to pay to Eastern manufacturers.

Q. Explain? A. Eastern men have so arranged the legislation in Congress that the tariff on foreign manufactures is so high as to exclude them from the country; so that Eastern men may charge what profit they choose on their own manufactures; all of which profit comes out of the consumers, goes into the pockets of the Eastern manufacturer, and so lessens the surplus earnings of the other sections.

Q. Now that the negroes are free, why do the Yankee gentlemen, Butler, Sumner, Stevens, &c., keep up such a howl about them? A. By this they expect to keep the people of various sections of the country by the ears, and thus prevent them thinking about repudiation.

Q. Will they succeed in doing so. A. No.

Q. Why? A. Because the people are beginning to think.

Q. Why do the people begin to think so very hard? A. Why they know and feel that everything they use costs about three times as much as it used to, and they are thinking where all the money goes and what becomes of it.

Q. What is to come of all this hard thinking? A. The people are going to act.

Q. How? A. Why somebody out West will run for Congress on the Republican ticket, and, if elected, then several others will run for Congress on the same ticket, and be elected; then they will reconstruct the Supreme Court on the same ticket, and then comes repudiation.

Q. What—repudiate a debt to which the faith of the United States is solemnly pledged? A. Yes—it was a Yankee trick getting the pledge, and it is Yankee chicanery that keeps "p the talk about the pledge.

Q. To what other institutions was he solemn faith of the United States pledged? A. To the great U. S. bank and to the institution of slavery.

Q. What became of those institutions? A. The first was repudiated by Gen. Jackson, and the other by Lincoln.

Q. Who is the coming man for whom the people of the Northern States so anxiously look? A. The man who will make a dollar a dollar, who will bring free trade and cheap goods, who will abolish the Internal Revenue, and paper money; who will utterly squelch the hordes of tax-gatherers who now consume the substance of the people; in fine, the man who will bring about repudiation of the national debt.

Q. Girls, let us tell you the stubborn truth! No young woman ever looks so well to a sensible young man, as when dressed in a plain, neat, modest attire, without a single ornament about her person. She looks then as though she possessed worth in herself, and needed no artificial rigging to enhance her value. If a young woman would spend as much time in improving her mind, training her temper, and cherishing kindness, mercy and other good qualities, as most of them do in extra dress and ornaments to increase their personal charms, she would, at a glance, be known among a thousand—her character would be read in her countenance.

Q. What is a convalescent dyspeptic like a relieved criminal? Because he can't digest yet.

A romantic young man says that a young woman's heart is like the moon; it changes continually, but it always has a man in it.

How Stebbins Got Slew'd.

BY THE "FAT CONTRIBUTOR."

Great flakes of snow the air did fill, clothing in white both dale and hill; livery men rubbed their hands in glee, the fall of the "beautiful snow" to see. They know that their customers never utter—at any price for a horse and cutter, (so they make their bread and butter,) and snow brings gains beyond their dreams, for the use of four and six horse teams. Young Stebbins saw the snow a falling, and that very day he went out calling, on his Dulcinea, Susie Brown—there isn't a prettier girl in town—and asked at once without delaying, if she would go with him out; sleighing. Susie smiled and looked quite happy, turning inquiring to her pappy, who had no objection to letting the price of his house go out on a little sleigh ride.—He remembered, no doubt, the days of his youth, when Susie's mother was younger, in truth; and a pleasure it was by night or day, to glide o'er the road in a one-horse sleigh.

The shades of night were falling fast, when along the Millcreek road there passed a horse and sleigh with two young folks, covered with robes and shawls and cloaks. A maiden, with blooming cheeks and fair, the snow flakes shining in her hair, like pearls at night out on a "tare." Tune up your harp, my gentle muse-e, the maiden fair was Stebbins' Susie, and the festive outh who held the "ribbons" was no else but Susie's Stebbin!

Away they glide, this joyous load, passing all others on the road, the steed himself enjoyed the fun, sometimes trotting and then on a run; to beat his pace no horse was able, although he came from a livery stable. Almost as quick as I tell it to you, the Mill Creek House appeared in view, and then they stepped their foaming steed, not, as Stebbins said, "to feed,"

A CHANCE FOR Great Bargains

CUSON & GARNETT,
CYNTHIANA, KENTUCKY.
ARE now offering their stock of
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
Queensware, &c.
AT COST, for CASH ONLY.
We also offer for sale our STORE ROOM
on Main Street, on reasonable terms. The
house is centrally located, and is suitable
for any business that any one may wish to
engage in. A change of business and location
the reason for selling.
CUSON & GARNETT.

Fall 1866. Winter.

D. A. GIVENS,

DEALER IN
Foreign & Domestic Dry-Goods.

BOOTS & SHOES, CLOAKS, FURS,

Carpeting, Oil Cloth, Jeans,

LINSEY, COTTON YARN,

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

ATTENTION is called especially to my
very large and well assorted stock of
DRESS GOODS, Men's wear and Custom
made Boots and Shoes; also, to the fact that
I keep a full stock of Gray's Jeans and stock-
ing yarn. I am selling goods to cash and
prompt paying buyers at a very small ad-
vance on New York prices. Thankful for
the very liberal patronage extended me and
hoping for its continuance.
I am most respectfully &c.
D. A. GIVENS.
P. S.—Those of my customers that are in
arrears will come forward and liquidate.
nov. 8, 1866. D. A. G.

KRUCH & SCHUTZ,

HAVING opened a new establishment on
the corner of Main Street and Court
Square, are prepared to furnish the people
of Cynthia and vicinity with fresh bread,
fresh Cakes and Pie every evening.

They also keep on hand all kinds of

CONFECTIONARIES,

Cake Oysters, Tobacco & Cigars.

Parties and Families will be furnished
with all kinds of Cakes and Confectionaries.
Wedding Cakes, &c., made to order.
The public are respectfully invited to call
and examine their stock.
April 12, 1866-17.

Millersburg Female College.

THE twenty-sixth session of this in-
stitution will open on MONDAY, Jan.
21st, 1867, and continue twenty weeks.
Tuition 15, 20 and 25 dollars, according
to advancement. Board \$5 per week, every
thing furnished. One-half of the fees are
paid in advance, and the balance at the
end of half the session.
For further information apply to
J. T. HAMILTON, Principal.
Millersburg, Ky.—Jan. 17-67

THE IMPROVED CHURN.

H. Whistler's Patent.

THIS is the greatest improvement of the
age for house-keepers, and no farm-
house should be without the Churn a mo-
ment.
J. A. D. Bayless, of this county, is the
Agent, and letters addressed to him at Chas-
ville will find him.
Jan. 3-67-18.

Sail Barley for Sale.

SEVERAL hundred bushels of No. 1
Sail Barley for sale.
Enquire of R. R. Agt. Laid's Station.
Jan. 17-67-18.

Particular Notice.

All who are indebted to us will please call
and settle forthwith.
Jan. 3-67-18.

FRESH BLUE LICK WATER.

for sale
at the Drug Store of
May 21, 1866. HUBB W. SHAWHAN.

SHELLED Oats, Shorts and Bran for sale.

by
D. C. 13, 1866. PECK & VANHOOK.

H. C. NEBEL,

Confectionery & Grocery,

(Opposite Court-House.)
Main Street, Cynthia, Ky.

HIS friends and the public generally
will find it to their interest to call and
purchase their supplies. His tobacco and
cigars are of the finest quality.
The best quality of Lager Beer for
sale by the glass.
may 31-66

PLOWS & BLACKSMITHING

BERRY'S STATION, KY.

I WILL have for sale by the time the farm-
ing people need them, about fifty Plows
—two and one together with plenty of jump
ing shovel plow, which will be sold to suit
purchasers.
Also—All kinds of custom work in the
blacksmith line, will be done on the shortest
notice.
Terms cash, after the 1st day of January.
dec 13, 66 W. A. GODMAN.

GUNSMITHING.

ON WALNUT ST. CYNTHIANA, KY.
THE undersigned is prepared to re-
pair Guns and Pistols, and all kinds of
Mending, Brazing, working all Brass
fixing door Locks and Keys, changing
Sewing Machinery &c.
Give me a call. Shop nearly opposite the
Bank House.
J. J. GOOD. the tennery

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA, KY.

THURSDAY, : : : : Feb. 7, 1867.

A. J. MOREY, EDITOR.

"A Square Meal."

No one but a soldier can appreciate
the full value and meaning of a
"square meal," and that soldier should
have been inside the confederate
lines at the close of the war. A worn-
out, far in debt, ragged rebel sol-
dier, who done his duty as such, and
lived upon one pound of meal and a
quarter of a pound of mean bacon per
day, could appreciate to the fullest
extent a "square meal." How many
there were, in the winter of 1864,
arose from the cold earth in the
morning, and passed the whole day,
and not only one day but often three
days, with nothing to eat. True, the
blazing camp-fire, the song of home
and loved ones far away, did, doubt,
less, divert their attention, and assist-
ed much in keeping up a cheerfulness,
during the day, and the requiem
which was sung by the wind through
the dry birchen trees, in honor of lost
comrades, gave a wild excitement to
the scene at night, which for the time,
very likely, rendered life tolerable;
but hunger took possession of the sol-
dier at last. Then it was, no doubt,
that his wits were put to work, as the
question came full in his face, "where
shall I get something to eat?"

It could not always be found in
camp, for commissaries were as poor
then, as the poorest, and were very
often unable to furnish even the mea-
ger supply which the government al-
lowed.

Then with musket on his shoulder,
the soldier would start for a "square
meal," to be picked up among the
people in the country. He sought
no stately mansion where dwelt pride
and wealth, to satisfy his hunger, but
went to some log cottage
which, most likely, contained a pan-
cheon floor and without a carpet and
without windows.

Here the cheerful and smiling coun-
tenance of the busy house-wife, was
a sure token to the soldier that his
wants could be supplied, and to the
enquiry for something to eat, she in-
variably replied, "That the soldiers
had nearly eat her out, and that there
was but a small dust of meal in the
house, yet she reckoned he could have
a bite." In due time the table is
spread and the viands placed thereon,
and the sombre face of the soldier is
wreathed in smiles, and as he sits down
to the table, he eats and thinks,

"Was ever such a happy swain—
He stuns and smiles, and sings again!"
And in his ecstasy exclaims—
"I'm quite ashamed, 'tis mighty rude,
To eat so much, but all's so good!
I have a thousand thanks to give;
You all know how to live!"

About the time he is finishing his
meal the "old man" comes in from the
field, to see and talk to the soldier
and by whom

"He is kindly bade to stay.
Set by his fire and talk the night away
Weeps over his losses, or tales of sorrow
doe.

Shows him his musket, and shows how fields
are won.
Pleased with his guest, the old man learned
to glow,
And quite forgot the soldiers' woes in
their woe!"

Since that "square meal" was fur-
nished, the war has closed, and fame
has visited the land where it was
eat. That smiling and cheerful house-
wife and family, are hungry now, the
merry song which she was wont to
sing of "cheer boys cheer we'll march
away to battle," as she sat in her lit-
tle cottage door spinning her flaxen
thread, while the soldiers' were pas-
sing, is not heard now. No, the
land down there is full of sorrow and
want and woe. She has not a "dust
of meal" for her little ones, and she is
unhappy. It is the duty, therefore, of
every confederate who has any sym-
pathy in his composition, to assist in
alleviating the condition of the people
down South, and pay for his "square
meal."

A people desirous of retaining
control of their property as well as
their rights, must be watchful and jeal-
ous. To give up any rights which
they possess, in any particular, is
equivalent to an entire surrender. For in-
stance, the Southern people have
surrendered their rights to property in
the hands of their enemies, and now
are in a state of slavery, and a land of
desolation. The

same class of political knaves and
fanatics, who destroyed that right are
now clamoring for confiscation. The
loss of one right suggests the taking
away of another, and a people can be
called free, only, when they are free.—
This is not a free people, nor a free
country, for the reason that they have
lost their rights, privileges and fran-
chises, and they are therefore, to a
certain extent under the control of
tyrants—red-republican, red-handed
tyrants. But for all these facts, (and
they are stern and true ones too), we
as a people, in a State capacity, have
the poor pitiful privilege left, of humbly
asking the Legislature, at Frank-
fort, not to surrender every right
which belongs to the people, to mono-
polies like the Central Kentucky, and
Louisville and Lexington Railroads.

The people are taxed to support the
general government, and the State
government, and now all the mono-
polies are asking the Legislature to
give them the right to tax the people
too. It may be correct, and it is so
if the people submit to it—if they are
willing that the Legislature should
grant more franchises to these mono-
polies, let it go—but if they are op-
posed to it, let the citizens of each
county, along the road, or off of it, get
up remonstrances and send them to
their representatives. Their wishes
will be respected surely.

We have spoken heretofore of the
heavy charges for carrying freight on
the road. It is not necessary to speak
of that again, for every man, who has
had to do with the roads are well
enough satisfied with their enlarged
notions for charging.

The new county, we under-
stand, has been named after somebody
we are not able to say who, known
as "Robertson." The county is formed
of a portion of Harrison, Bracken,
Pendleton and Nicholas counties. We
must be excused for declaring that
we are not in love with the name—
whoever heard of any able Demo-
cratic statesman of that name in Ken-
tucky. We have seen plenty of "Rob-
ertson county whiskey," but the name
did not originate there—we have
also heard of "Robertson's circus,"
but we know the people never named
their county for that organization of
limber-jacks. We want our cor-
respondent, in Kenton town to inform
us on the subject, and at the same
time, (now that the people there have
set up house-keeping for themselves)
send us all the "Robertson county"
news. Two things we are certain of
—Robertson county will be over-
whelmingly Democratic, and all the
whiskey distilled there will be called
"Old Robertson county."

But the name of the new county
amounts nothing. The people that
live there must give it reputation. If
they are intelligent and enterprising
the outside world will soon find out,
and respect them accordingly. We
believe that we can say without fear
of contradiction that there are enough
of good and earnest men in that coun-
try, who are intelligent, responsible
and able to carry on their county
affairs successfully.

[Communicated.]
Having noticed the names of several
gentlemen, who have been proposed,
and recommended through your
columns for various offices, we feel
that we will not be taking an undue
liberty in suggesting by the same
means to the people of our county,
the propriety of selecting some
staunch and competent Democrat to
assume the duties of Attorney General.

For that position, we would respect-
fully mention to the people at large
and to our approaching county con-
vention, the name of Col. John Rod-
man, a thorough gentleman, and an
able lawyer, of the Jefferson school
of politics, and therefore, a warm al-
lied and defender of every principle
of Democracy. Residing as he does
at the Capital, has given him every
facility for noticing, and profiting, by
the proceedings of our State govern-
ment in its every department, and
thereby qualifies him as a fit and safe
adviser for those administering the
law. Therefore we would respect-
fully urge his claims to the above named
office.

The young people of Paris,
gave, last week, at the Odd-Fellows'
Hall, in that place, an interesting en-
tertainment, entitled a Tableaux. The
Hall was crowded, and the proceeds
were given to the poor. It was a
praise-worthy move on the part of
these people, and an indication that
they have some sympathy for the suf-
fering poor of the country.

The participants are made up of
the young ladies and gentlemen of
the place, to wit: Miss P. Rogers, Miss
Stone, Miss Pullen, Miss Alexandre
and Mr. Wigginton, Mr. McKim,
and many others whose names we did
not learn.
Mr. Higgins released an excellent
style, "The Mad Man."

Plan for holding the Democra- tic United States Convention in 1867.

To the Democracy of the United States:
At a Meeting of the State Sovere-
ignty Society of Ohio, held at Cin-
cinnati the 22nd day of December, it
was,

RESOLVED, 1st. That the Demo-
cratic United States Convention be
held on the 13th day of April, A. D.
1867, (being the birth day of Thomas
Jefferson), at some city west of the
Alleghany Mountains, hereafter to be
determined upon, for the purpose of
discussing the doctrines of the Demo-
cratic party, agreeing to a platform of
principles, and nominating candidates
for the offices of President and Vice
President of the United States to be
voted for in all the States in 1868.

RESOLVED, 2d. That all white elec-
tors who are honest, and are willing to
defend the doctrines as expressed in
the Kentucky and Virginia Resolu-
tions of 1798 and 1799, and Madison's
report thereon, are invited to be pre-
sent and participate.

RESOLVED, 3d. That all newspapers
and persons favorable to organizing
the Democratic party upon correct
principles are invited to take notice
of these resolutions, express their
wishes as to the place of holding said
Convention, and to correspond with
the Secretary of this society concern-
ing the same.

RESOLVED, 4th. That we do now
adjourn to meet at the office of the
West and South, No. 271 Walnut
street, in Cincinnati, on Monday,
the 11th day of February, A. D. 1867,
to read the correspondence received up-
on the subject, to decide upon the
place for holding said Convention, to
which meeting all Democrats favoring
the Convention are invited.

ALEX. LONG, Chairman.
I. J. MILLER, Secretary.

The Daily Wisconsin, published at
Milwaukee, gets off the following on
a new married couple:

One of our hotel keepers informs
us that a few days since a newly
married couple, who were on a wed-
ding tour, stopped at his house. Early
in the evening the bridegroom who
had been out making some purchases,
returned to the hotel, and immedi-
ately after going to his room gave at-
tention to an outcry that his wife was
dead. This aroused the ladies who,
upon entering the apartment, found
the new bride lying upon the bed ap-
parently in a lifeless condition—her
face pale and death-like. Restoratives
were at once obtained and the ladies
commenced rubbing the inanimate
form. One old lady, as she chafed
the cold hand of the bride, found a
little slip of paper incased under a ring
on the finger, and thinking, no doubt,
this would explain matters, drew it
forth and read:

"I AM SICK: I have taken chloro-
form—you will proceed in the usual
manner."

The Baptist Church in this city was
consumed by fire on Sunday morning
about three o'clock. It was a large
and costly edifice, and was one of the
principal ornaments of our city. The
fire is supposed to have been the re-
sult of accident, as some timers had
been at work on the roof, on Satur-
day, and the probabilities are, that it
caught from fire accidentally com-
municated by them. It was first dis-
covered by some fire men at the gas
works, but before assistance could be
on hand the flames had too great a
headway to be checked. An insur-
er \$5,000 had been effected a few
days ago, in some foreign office, which
was all the insurance upon the build-
ing. This was not more than one-
eighth of the value of the building.—
The Baptists in the surrounding
country are numerous and wealthy,
and we think they should feel called
upon to come forward and aid their
brethren, in this city, in rebuilding
the structure. It should be remember-
ed that this is the second time that the
Baptist church in this city has been
consumed by fire within a few years.
—Lexington Gazette.

The war which we have made
upon the Kentucky Central R. R., is
not instigated on account of any per-
sonal antipathy against any person
connected with it. We have been
treated with great kindness and cour-
tesy by all railroad men, and while we
are in favor of curtailing their privi-
leges and franchises, we would be op-
posed to any policy which would ham-
per or embarrass the railroad compa-
nies of the State, as they add much to
the wealth and prosperity of our peo-
ple; but healthy measures of reform
should be adopted, and we have, no
doubt, but that there are plenty of
willing supporters to be found in the
Legislature, for such.

The Democracy of the Mount
Sterling District have nominated Jno.
Young, Esq., for Congress. The peo-
ple of the Lexington district have
nominated Mr. Beck, an able and pop-
ular man.

Last week the Legislature elect-
ed Hon. Garrett Davis, of Bourbon
county, United States Senator. We
hope the soft-shell-men or so called
Conservatives are satisfied now.

OFFICE OF THE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE
COMMITTEE FOR HARRISON COUNTY,
CYNTHIANA, KY., January 10th, 1867.

There will be a mass meeting of
the Democracy of this county at one
o'clock on MONDAY, the eleventh of
February, (it being County Court day),
for the purpose of selecting delegates
to the State Convention that is called
to meet on the 22nd day of February,
in the city of Frankfort, and for the
transaction of any other business that
may come before this Convention.

"In calling this convention, we feel
authorized to include all voters who
cordially and in good faith subscribe
to the principles of the Democratic
party of Kentucky as promulgated in
its late Convention of the first of May,
and who are willing to render allegi-
ance to its organization, for the pur-
pose of forming a closer union of all
our fellow citizens desirous of preserv-
ing the remnant of constitutional lib-
erty left us from the shocks of civil war,
and the encroachments of the Radical,
and fanatical mob now wieldi g the
power of the Central Government."

I. T. MARTIN,
Chairman.

J. S. WITHERS, Sec.

BURNED TO DEATH.—This is the most
painful event we have ever been cal-
led upon to record. A little innocent
child burned to death! The mother,
proud of her little daughter, leaves
her playing with her dolls and china
ware, returns to find her little darling
great God! a charred and lifeless mass
amid her toys. This occurred at the
residence of John Morris, in this
county, on Tuesday last. It was the
child of his sister, who was visiting
him from Mason county, Kentucky.—
Parents be cautious.—Carlisle Mer-
cury.

Twenty-five farms have been sold
in one section of Alabama for the low
price of one dollar per acre.

Both of the Salisbury (N. C.) pa-
pers have come out in favor of qual-
ified negro suffrage.

It is said that the present wheat
crop of Virginia is the most promising
one since 1860.

Fresh Herrings, the first of the sea-
son were in the Norfolk market on
Monday, and sold at forty-five cents
per dozen.

What paper contains the most fine
points?—A paper of needles.

When is a literary paper likesmoke?

—When it comes in volumes.

QUERY.—Does a man feel girlish

when he makes a maiden speech?

At what age does a pig end its ex-
istence?—Sausage.

Warning to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby warned from
coming upon my farm for the purpose
of hunting, fishing, &c.—or riding through
it, as I will put the law in force against all
such offenders.
oct 25, 66m3 PAUL KING.

ALL persons are hereby warned not to
hunt or trespass in any manner upon my
farm, under penalty of prosecution accord-
ing to law.
dec 6, 66m3 CALEB WALTON.

I HEREBY forwarn all persons from riding
through or throwing down fencing and
burning on either of my farms under penalty
of prosecution according to law.
dec 20, 66m3 JOHN STUMP.

HAVING been greatly annoyed by tres-
passers by hunting, breaking my fencing
and cutting off my timber, I forwarn all
persons from trespassing upon my premises
under penalty of prosecution according to
law.
jan 10-67 M. T. McMILLAN.

COAL!

THE undersigned having established a
Coal Yard in Cynthia, is now prepared
to supply the citizens of the City and vi-
cinity with Coal in any quantity.
You hogheny—Cannel—Pomeroy and
Kanawha Coals, will be kept constantly on
hand.
may 31-66 Coal delivered with despatch.
H. D. FRISBIE.

COAL!

WE are prepared to furnish Coal by the
car loads or in less quantities at lowest
market prices. PECK & VANHOOK,
December 20, 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons
that they are prohibited from hunting
passing through my place, under a penalty
of prosecution according to law.
dec 13, 66m3 ROBT. SCOTT.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons
that they must cease hunting and pass-
ing through my farm under a penalty of pro-
secution according to law.
dec 13, 66m3 Mrs. MANDA CLEON.

WE hereby warn all persons not to hun-
t or pass through our places under pen-
alty of prosecution according to law.
dec 13, 66m3 F. CUMMINS,
J. CRISWELL,
L. F. STRUBE,
M. CUMMINS.

ALL persons are hereby warned from pas-
sing through or hunting upon my pre-
mises, under penalty of prosecution accord-
ing to law.
dec 13, 66m3 WM. WINSTON.

ALL persons are hereby warned from
coming upon my farm for the purpose
of hunting, under penalty of prosecution
according to law. ANDREW GARNETT.
oct 25, 66m3

COVINGTON and CINCINNATI

WALKER, BRENT & CO.

DEALERS IN COAL,

Pike street, opposite the Elliston House,

COVINGTON, KY.

H. M. SWOPE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Manufacturer of Fine Clothing,
20 Pike St., Covington, Ky.
nov 22, 66m1

NEW YORK DRY GOODS STORE,

A. DEGGINGER,

Dealer in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ho-
stery, Embroideries and Fancy Goods,
Pikeet, Covington, Ky.
nov 22-66-1f

V. G. HILL. W. W. SMITH

HILL & SMITH,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 12 Pike street, Covington, Kentucky.

Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

may 22, 66

CHAS. ASMANN,

SUCCESSOR TO G. W. McDONOLD.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

Corner 5th and Madison sts., Covington, Ky.
Constantly on hand a complete assort-
ment of fine Jewelry, Watches, silver and
plated ware, fine table cutlery, &c.
jan 18, 66

E. McDANIEL,

WITH

S. EINSTEIN, AGENT,

Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Clothing,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats, &c.,
No. 27 Pike street, Covington, Ky.
oct 4, 66

J. SELLERS,

DEALER IN

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE,

Coal Oil and Lamps, Table Cutlery, &c.,
Magnolia Buildings, Madison Street
COVINGTON, KY.
jan 18, 66m1

H. DREXELIUS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Dealer in Ready-Made Clothing and Gen's
Furnishing Goods.
South-East corner Madison and Sixth
Street, Covington, Ky. Jan. 24, 1867.

ART GALLERY,

MADISON ST. NEAR THE CORNER OF VINE,
Covington, Ky.

P. BURGETT & CO. - - - Proprietors.

Superior Card Photographs and Ambro-
types taken in every style.

Picture taken in Rings, Locks and Breast
Pins, Old Daguerrotypes and Photographs
copied and enlarged to any size. Pictures
taken as well in cloudy as in clear weather.
PICTURES MAILED to any part of the
country.

NOTICE.—We keep the Negative for six
months. Persons wishing more photographs
printed, will please send to the Gallery, or
address Box 200, stating Name and the
Month it was taken in. may 16, 66

FAIRBANKS

STANDARD

SCALES,

OF ALL KINDS.

Cotton Bolls and Frames, Cotton, Hay and
Bag Presses, Warehouse Trucks,
Baggage Barrows, Copying
Presses, &c.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,

125 Walnut Street, Cincinnati.
Feb. 1, 66. 1

AJ. HOOK'S LIVERY STABLE

UP TOWN, PARIS, KY.

KEEPS for hire Saddle Horses, Buggies,
and Hacks.
Feb 8, 66m1

Family Grocery.

Cynthiana, Ky., Feb. 7, 1867.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLE.

Trains going North arrive	7:10 A. M.
Trains going South arrive	7:30 A. M.
Trains going North depart	8:24 A. M.
Trains going South depart	8:35 P. M.
Trains going North arrive	2:35 P. M.
Trains going South arrive	2:35 P. M.
Trains going North depart	5:16 P. M.
Trains going South depart	5:16 P. M.

Last Sunday the colored population of this place seemed to have blood on the brain, as before the sun went down that evening some little was shed. A young freedman, named John Curry, has been making himself very conspicuous among his people for his (cervic) notions, and has made his principles active (instead of observing the laws, and remaining passive) by shooting three or four of his own colorfellow the last twelve months. By the assistance of his friends he has succeeded in escaping justice. In all his moves, until he became hardened and overstepped the work, and is overtaken and rebuked.

Last Sunday morning this uneducated started out determined on war and soon ran against a boy of his own color named John Scott, and pulling out his pistol shot him in the left leg. In the evening he visited the house of his father, a freedman named Nickolas Broadwell, who lived on Walnut street, and was receiving a lecture from him for shooting Scott. John told him that he would dry up or he would kill him, and suiting the action to the word, drew his pistol and shot him through the head. He then tried to make his escape, but was captured by Mr. Reed Martin, of the house of I. T. Martin, and E. S. Flanagan, of the "News Office," two of the "faithful." Curry is now in jail with a proper guard over him, awaiting the sitting of the annual court, which commences this month.

If any criminal deserves punishment, this scoundrel is entitled to it.

Nicholas Broadwell was raised by the Broadwell family of this county, and belonged to Judge Broadwell, at the time he was made a freedman. If there ever was a black white man, "Nick" was the individual. We have often thought that if negroes were raised to the estate of citizens, that he would make a worthy one. We have known him nearly twenty years, but never saw him out of his place. He was polite, respectful and honest, and if he had an enemy among the whites we have yet to hear it. When the "faithful" returned from the South sorrowful and sad, they received a hearty welcome from their old friend "Nick," with an assurance that he was ready to do for them as in the days of "mild lynch," and expressed a wish to be counted among the boys, whenever his services were needed, wherein he might render any help which would give them one iota of happiness. He would wreath his good-looking countenance in a smile, and with dress unexceptionable could make a race, or drill his hat in a manner that would put a Frenchman's face in red. Nick was a good man. He had a heart for others' woes. He did not hate a man because he was white or black—but respected all according to their worth and merit. We regret his death, because he was a man of influence among his own people, and set them an example for good. Farwell friend Nick, thy friends will miss thee. He died about 10 o'clock Sunday night.

Poor old Nick, he's dead and gone, We'll miss him when he's gone.

He died, and was as good a man. As ever left, this mundane shore.

We have received the State Auditor's report for 1866, wherein we find that Harrison County has

About 211,644 acres of land valued at \$41,592 194 with an increase of 3,378 acres since 1865.

Two lots 344, valued at \$310,720, increase of one lot.

The total loss of slaves 2,250, since 1861, worth \$1,463,740.

Number of horses and mares 7,268. The number in 1860 was 8,210. Number of mules 1,244. Number of ponies 123.

Number of cattle 8,347. In 1860 there was 11,416.

Number of stores 56, increase over '65 17. The number of white males over 21 years of age 2,540.

Number of negroes over 16 years of age 590.

Number of bushels of wheat raised 37,867, corn 728,650, barley 5,290.

Number of sheep killed by dogs 251, valued at \$1,825.

Amount of taxable property owned by negroes \$12,305.

The total valuation of property for 1866, is \$2,224,754. The total valuation of property in 1860 was \$2,063,792.

A loss of nearly three millions of dollars has been had by the people of this county.

BOURBON COUNTY STATISTICS.—The Auditor's report for 1866, shows that Bourbon County contained 172,270 acres of land, worth \$7,072,960, with an increase in the number of acres of 3,163.

Number of town lots 424, valued at \$533,690, with an increase of 30 over 1865.

Number of horses and mares 5,792, valued at \$238,190, with an increase of 499.

Number of mules 2,861, valued at \$142,900, with an increase of 44. Number of ponies 268, valued at \$5,686, with an increase of 30.

Number of cattle 11,993, valued at \$305,310, with an increase of 1,511.

Number of stores 86, with an increase of 48.

Number of slaves in 1865 6,321. Total loss of property in slaves in 1861, \$2,883,650.

Number of white males over 21 years of age 1,846.

Number of negroes over 16 years of age 1,877.

Number of bushels of corn raised 992,855, wheat 47,100, barley 2,920.

Number of sheep killed by dogs 354, valued at \$3,136.

Total valuation of property in 1860, 14,564,521.

Total valuation of property in 1866, 89,923,210.

Total loss to the people of Bourbon County within the last six years, 5,041,311.

A long, lank, lean, lantern-jawed, box-headed, cadaverous looking fellow stepped into a grocery in this city, not long since, and listened attentively to what he could hear, leaning at the same time ferriest a barrel of sugar, and with a comical sort of shyness dipped his long, bony fingers into the sugar, and took a handful, and continued that sort of motion until both of his pockets were filled, then he began a retrograde movement toward the door. He believed that he could get away with his load of sugar, and all his own spicuous tediocum, but he was halted and ordered to return the sugar, which he did very quickly, and shot out of the store, and out of town as wild as a blizzard. He would stoop up a dark alley at a black cloudy night. Fare thee well sweetest.

The Legislature should relieve this city of its charter, unless more people are compelled to pave their streets by the City Council. The south side of Pleasant street, is a mud-hole, and should be paved, and if the Council have not the power to compel its paving, they should resign and move out of town. We want improvement men, or no men and no council whatever, at the next election. The whole thing might as well be abolished as to carry on business in this half-way manner.

A new and curious clock has been put up at the "Magnolia Saloon," which in build &c. resembles a German cottage, covered with creeping vines, and when it strikes the hour an attic window opens, and a "cuckoo" sounds its winning notes. This bird receives its name from the song it sings. It lays its eggs in the nests formed by other birds, and its young are also hatched by other birds. How many birds of that feather have we among us?

The attention of our readers is directed to the card of Matt. Turney, attorney at law, Paris, Ky. He will visit our courts and our citizens will find him able and capable to attend to any business they may entrust to his care. Outside of his qualifications as a practitioner, which are fine, he is a clever gentleman and a politically sound. His democracy is unexceptionable.

We met M. M. Pomeroy, Esq., editor of the Laconia Democrat, at Paris, last Friday night. He delivered a lecture to the people of that place, the proceeds of which were devoted to our famine-stricken friends of the South. Mr. P. informed us that he would visit Cynthiana before his return to his home in Wisconsin. Our friends shall be notified of his coming in time to prepare themselves for something good.

Our honorable representative, Mr. Hugh Nowell, has introduced a bill for the benefit of Harrison County, vesting the same with authority to subscribe stock in turnpike roads in this county. We are in favor of the proposition.

Gen. Basil Duke has published his history of Gen. John Morgan and it is now ready for delivery. Col. Hogg is the agent for this work, in this place, and Capt. Taylor, of the firm of Garrett-Spears & Taylor, for Paris. Every Kentuckian should have a copy.

Dr. Eades, who removed to Indianapolis, Ind., last fall, has returned to Kentucky, and located at his old home in Rattles Mills, where he will practice his profession. We wish the Doctor much good luck in resuming his old position.

A few days since a young man named James Murphy, had his hand badly crushed while coupling the cars at Lair's Station. A few days before this occurrence Murphy's brother met with an accident of the same kind at Lexington.

During the last two months, there has been about 1,500 hogs died of cholera at McGibbon's and Cooks distilleries.

Thos. Ashbrook, of this county, sold last week the finest lot of yearling mules in Kentucky, to Charles Kimbrough, Esq., for the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars.

The 11th day of this month is Valentine's Day. We know the young people will deal largely in love epistles, for the world, from its present standpoint, was never in a better mood for such nonsense.

The workmen are at present engaged in putting a tin roof on the Livery and Sale Stable, being erected by Messrs. Hill & Finman on the corner of Pike and Walnut streets.

The attention of our readers is directed to a letter on the first page of to-day's paper, from J. L. Rogers, to his father in this city. Read it.

The Democratic County Convention will come off next Monday. Come one, come all.

The Criminal Court, for Harrison, will commence business in Cynthiana, on Monday, 25th of February.

WICKLIFFE—DAY—Thursday evening January 31st, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. S. S. Deering, Mr. J. C. Wickliffe to Miss P. Day, all of this city.

Two souls, with but a single thought, Two hearts that beat as one.

DIED. LILLY.—In this city on the 30th inst., Lilly, infant daughter of J. J. and Harriet Parikh; aged two months and fifteen days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Fine Scott Farm FOR SALE!

Having determined to quit farming, I will offer at private sale the farm on which I now reside, situated in Scott county, Ky., on the turnpike from Georgetown to Cynthiana. Said farm contains nearly

400 Acres of First Rate Land, finely timbered and in a high state of cultivation. The place runs through the farm, cutting off 120 acres, which renders it capable of being divided if necessary. There is upon the farm a substantial BRICK HOUSE, two stories high and containing eight rooms, double porches in front and large two story porch in rear. An excellent kitchen and pantry. It is a fine and half story house, neatly papered and painted, in nice repair, all necessary out buildings, including negro cabins, smoke-house, ice-house, stables, carriage-house, cistern in 10 feet of the door, one of the best in the State. On the 120 acres there is a comfortable dwelling, and good stable and fine young apple orchard—about 60 acres of the land well timbered.

The farm will be sold altogether or will be divided to suit purchasers. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine prices or address me at Newtown, Scott county.

JOHN M. BURCH.

FARM FOR SALE.

I wish to sell the farm on which I now live, containing 131 acres of good land, situated on the waters of Mill Creek, five miles west of Cynthiana. It has a good brick house, containing 5 rooms, and out houses as good. It is well watered place, all under good fencing. For terms and particulars apply to me at said farm.

G. CRUTCHER.

BOURBON COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.

MY FARM KNOWN AS "HARMONY HILL," OR the old homestead of the late Maj. J. H. Edwards. The said farm lies on the waters of Cooper's Run about four miles west of Paris, it contains 216 acres, part in blue grass and timber, and part in cultivation. The improvements are good, consisting of a comfortable brick dwelling, 6 rooms, cabins, ice-house, stables, meat-house, grainery, poultry-yard and houses and all other buildings suitable for a country residence. There is also on the farm a large orchard of No. 1 apple and cherry trees, bearing, and another of young trees, just set out. There is plenty of good water, one spring in particular known as "the cave" is one of the best in the State. Any one wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the place for himself.

LUCIUS EDWARDS.

TILTREERENA.

The most humorous work ever issued, will soon be out under the above title, by "Darby" Doyle, the humorous police reporter and writer of "town trifles" of the Louisville Courier. It will be full of rich poetry and prose on the fashions, including tilters, waterfalls, rats, mice, palpitations, frizzes, &c., and will be profusely illustrated.

It will also contain several interesting stories, &c., by "Brick" Pomeroy, "Asa Hartz," "Yuba Dan," and others, and a humorous fortune-teller and comic almanac.

Everybody should have it to read and laugh over.

HUGHES & HAYS, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Lignin and Grain, Pike street, between Madison and Washington, (near the K. C. R. Depot.) COVINGTON, KY.

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Strayed or Stolen

FROM my residence at Broadwell on Friday night, the last, one fine milk cow, about 6 years old, crumpled horns and spotted with pale red and white. I will give a liberal reward for any information so that I can get the cow.

RUSSELL PADGET.

MATT. TURNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PARIS, KENTUCKY.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him in Bourbon and surrounding Counties. Office adjoining the Court-house.

1867 HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO. CHARTERED 1810.

CASH CAPITAL - - - 1,000,000

ABSTRACT FROM 11TH SEMI-ANNUAL EXHIBIT, DEC. 31, 1866.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in bank and cash items - \$168,009 92

In hands of agents and in course of transmission - 130,000 00

Loans on collateral security - 13,844 54

Real estate - 95,000 00

Rents and interest accrued, payable January 1st - 25,230 36

Miscellaneous investments, (stock and bonds,) par value - 928,857 00

C. S. bonds, par value - 47,125 00

\$1,788,078 82

Losses in process of adjustment - \$140,155 00

Cash premiums written for the year 1866 - 1,370,306 98

Gross income from all sources - 1,511,782 75

Losses paid - 837,436 25

Market value of stock, January 1, 1867, (Shares \$100 each) - 205 0

Agencies in all principal localities throughout the United States.

As agent of this substantial old company, I am prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

J. S. WITHERS, Agent.

Harrison County Farm FOR SALE

I OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, containing 160 acres of land, 4 1/2 miles from Cynthiana and 1 1/2 miles from Lair's Station.

The land has comfortable buildings, and good fencing, and is securely enclosed in quality. There are 90 acres of cleared land; the remainder well timbered.

If not privately disposed of, the farm will be offered to the highest bidder on the premises on the 23rd of February.

For further information inquire of Mr. Hunter on the premises, or of the undersigned, near Paris.

JAS. W. WORNALL.

J. W. WILLIAMS. D. E. SHAWHAN.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

CYNTHIANA, KY.

WE HAVE OPENED A LARGE LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, on Walnut street, where we are prepared to accommodate our fellow-men with every character and kind of vehicles, for single or double driving, and with the best of Saddle Horses.

We are prepared to train and break the wildest of horses.

ALSO We have a four-horse team, which we keep for hauling, at home or at a distance.

WILLHITE & SHAWHAN.

L. CHEEK, N. T. CHEER, A. M. TRUE-DALE

Lewis Cheek & Co., Wholesale dealers in GROCERIES.

Liquors, Grain, Grass Seed, Flour, Salt &c. &c.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION Merchants.

No. 24 Pike Street, COVINGTON, KY.

1867, PECK & VANHOOK, Wholesale & Retail Grocers, KEEP constantly on hand at the lowest market rate all grades of Yellow and Refined Sugars, Loving's White, Granulated and Powdered Crushed Sugars, Choice Rio, Java, and Laguira Coffee, Molasses & Syrups, Green & Black Tea; Boots & Shoes, Queensware, Hardware, Nails, Cotton yarn, Rope, Twine, Mill Bags, Packing Yarn, Window Sash, Glass, Paint, Oils & Dye-Stuffs.

We ask the attention of buyers to our stock of WOOLEN GOODS, Manufactured by us—Coarse and fine Jeans Cloth, Lindsey, Blankets, Stocking yarn &c. We also offer at WHOLESALE & RETAIL, Extra Family Flour and Meal.

Made at our Mills of choice selected White Wheat, and white bread corn. All of which are warranted as good as can be had at any similar establishment. All orders from a distance from Merchants or others, shall have our immediate attention and will be filled on.

LIBERAL TERMS. To Country Merchants and Farmers, we offer superior inducements, as we buy on our own account or sell for others, all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Rags, Feathers, Hemp, Flax, Blue Grass Seed, Bacon, Lard and everything for which there is a market. PECK & VANHOOK.

100 Barrels Salt for sale by PECK & VANHOOK.

WANTED—Sheep Pelts, Green and Dry Hides, for which we will pay the highest market price. PECK & VANHOOK. Jan. 24, 1867.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory. G. F. LILLY, Shawhan's Station, Bourbon Co. Ky.

HAVING laid in a large and superior stock of LEATHER, Is prepared to manufacture to order the finest of Ladies' Gentlemen's and Children's Wear, which he warrants to be as good, if not better than can be elsewhere.

Call and give me your measures. Jan. 17-67

Carriage Making AND Blacksmithing! THE undersigned have taken the shop formerly occupied by H. F. Cromwell, where they are prepared to make or repair Carriages, Buggies, Sulkeys and Waggon.

On short notice and reasonable terms. They are also manufacturing the Cromwell Plows. Brown and Manley doublesteel Plows. Blacksmithing of all kinds done. Call and examine our work. Jan. 17-67-6m DAY & BOGGS.

Wanted. A GOOD Cook and Washer-woman can find employment by enquiring at this office. Also—One good farm hand. Good wages will be paid. Jan. 17-67-3t

Harrison county Academy. WE suppose that it is generally known that Prof. I. N. Reese, the present principal of the Harrison County Academy, has resigned his position as principal of said institution. We regret that circumstances were such that he could not remain with us. We have employed Rev. W. H. Jeffries to take charge of the school as principal—he will be assisted by Miss Annie Milton—and we hope the institution will continue to deserve and receive the patronage of the public. We have every assurance that Mr. Jeffries is a man of fine attainments, and feel confident that he will make a successful teacher. Miss Milton's services are too well known to need comment, her reputation as a first-class teacher is established. The next session of the institution will commence on the 1st Monday in February.

J. R. CURRY, President Board of Trustees. Jan. 17-67-2t

THOS. R. MILL. THOS. J. FREYMAN

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE. WALNUT STREET. CYNTHIANA, KENTUCKY. ARE prepared to furnish Saddle Horses, Double and Single Buggies. Good of all descriptions, Hay Corn and Oats furnished on reasonable terms. We also have a good two-horse team for the accommodation of those who have hauling to do. Horses are bought and sold at our stables at all times. Particular attention paid to all ordinary diseases, and can cure scratches and sore feet, horses or mules, by two applications. Dec. 13, 1866.

FANCY GROCERIES. Canned Peaches, Pine Apples, Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Pickles, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Preserved Ginger, a fine article, Jellies, Citron, Raisins, Currants, And in fact every thing in that line. I. T. MARTIN. Jan. 31-67.

SALT. SALT. WE have made arrangements to supply the trade at Cincinnati prices. I. T. MARTIN. Jan. 31-67.

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